

# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 19

Chinook, Alberta. Thursday, March 7th 1935

No. 47

Watson Gloves	from	.75c up
Roller Toweling good quality		.23c
Fast Color Prints	.20 & .25c	
Comforter Batts		.23c
Flour is going higher R & W	\$2.69	
Matches		.27c
Check Cotton Gloves		.27c
Thread any size or kind 3 Spools	.20c	
Jar Vacuum Coffee		.47c
Cod Liver Oil		.59c

## Acadia Produce Company

COAL & WOOD	
Drumheller	Drumheller
Lump	Stove Nut
At \$5.50	At \$3.90
Gar of Sheerness Coal arriving Wed. March 13.	
<b>Jim Aitken</b>	

Meet Your Friends  
At  
The  
**Chinook Hotel**  
Fully Licensed  
Gus Cook, Prop.

### Bargains

One late model Philco battery Radio at a special price, if you appreciate fine performance come in for a demonstration, this set has extended wave band, and is very economical.

We have one six tube set which we took in trade on a new Philco. Priced with tubes and speaker at \$20.00. If you want performance at low cost come in and look this over.

**COOLEY BROS.**  
Phone 10  
Chinook, Alberta

### Important -- To Wheat Growers

Under wheat grading regulations coming into effect August 1, 1935 the matter of purity of variety is one of primary importance.

Regardless of whether your wheat is Marquis, Garnet, Reward "222" or any other variety it is desirable from a marketing standpoint that it be uniform in type.

Excessive admixture one way or the other will be liable to grade penalties under the amendment to the Canada Grain Act.

### Alberta Pool Elevators

### The Trend of Events

(Edmonton Bulletin)

The logic of events that will some day make it necessary for western Canada to become a separate self-governing Dominion, has been remarked upon in this column on several occasions. It was made the subject of a speech in the Alberta Legislature by A. M. Matheson, M. L. A. for Vegreville. More recently it has taken form in British Columbia by A. M. Manson, K. C., former attorney general of that province devoted most of his speech last in the debate on the address to warning eastern Canada that "a political rebellion will ensue unless the bargain as between British Columbia and the east is revamped."

The address is said by the Vancouver Province to have been "easily the most outstanding of the House's two weeks' debate" — that, despite the fact that crowded galleries gathered to hear a two hours speech by Mayor "Gerry" McGee who is member for one of the Vancouver constituencies. When Dr. Manson ventured the opinion that in making a demand for better terms under the alternative of secession Premier Patullo would "have the support of every member of the House," applause from both sides of the chamber rang out.

British Columbia last year bought approximately \$100,000,000 worth of goods from eastern Canada principally manufactured goods. The east reciprocated by buying \$4,500,000 worth of goods, principally raw materials.

And that isn't the worst. B. C., like Alberta, pays enormous sums each year over and above the world market price for manufactured goods in order to maintain eastern Canada as a manufacturing zone. On the 100,000 or more automobiles and trucks on the roads of the coast province, her people will have paid \$400,000,000 more than world prices as a contribution to the eastern provinces.

Even that isn't the worst. Industries like mining which are indigenous to the economic life of the coast province are handicapped by the greedy demands of the east for high protection. A miner can't prove up a placer claim with a Keystone drill, or install a mill or a concentration table unless he pays 42 per cent over and above the world price as a sop to the eastern manufacturer. The coast province with its wealth of forest and mineral, its cheap water power, its all-the-year round climate and its open ports facing across the Pacific the greatest potential markets of the world, is beginning to realize the price it paid for entering Confederation in the loss of its normal destiny as a great manufacturing state.

Whether western Canada will ever submit in docility to endure the status of a colonial possession of the east, to be refused when it goes hat in hand to beg for tithes of what it has given to enrich the federal treasury, remains to be seen.

The speech of the former attorney general of B. C. shows that the leaven of unrest is at work. Its effect will be felt in Alberta in due course.

### THE FEED SITUATION IN CANADA

(Edmonton Bulletin)

There are several factors which will influence the feed situation in Canada in 1935, says the 1935 "Agricultural Situation and Outlook" about to be published by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Department of Trade and Commerce. Feed reserves will be considerably less than normal owing to low yields in 1934, domestic requirements drought areas, and strong export demand from the United States. Meadows and pastures in large sections of eastern Canada, which were newly seeded in 1933, and also in 1934, will show the effects of weather in 1934.

The restricted seed supplies of grass, clover and alfalfa, coupled with high prices is expected to reduce the acreage of these crops sown in 1935. In the drought areas of the Prairie Provinces, less summer-fallow land than usual, and low reserves of subsoil moisture are unfavorable conditions for the seeding of grasses and legumes. To these adverse factors may be added also the possibility in some cases of crop destruction in the Prairie Provinces from grasshoppers and cutworms, and to a lesser extent, in a part of the Province of Quebec from white grubs.

Grasshoppers, which took heavy toll of forage crops last year in the Prairie Provinces, are expected to be less troublesome in 1935 on account of a reduction in the intensity of infestation in all three provinces, the smaller number of eggs to be found in stable land, and the greater skill on the part of the farmers in carrying on control campaigns. The pale western cutworm is expected to be present again over wide areas in the Prairie Provinces and Alberta. If moisture conditions and weather for growing crops in the early part of the season are not better than average, considerable losses may be expected in grain lands through scattered localities. Wherever grasshoppers and cutworms are known to be present, tillage and seeding practices should be followed which are in keeping with recommended methods of control.

Miss Emilie Belmont who has been ill in the Calgary hospital returned to her home here Tuesday morning.

Ernest Gilbertson left Saturday night for Rosedale where he expects to spend the summer.

### POINTERS OF PLOUGHING

(Edmonton Bulletin)

In regard to the cultural experiments carried on by the Dominion Experimental Farms, it has been shown that it is not necessary to plow more than four or five inches deep under ordinary conditions. Equally high yields of corn and grain have been obtained on several Experimental Stations in Eastern Canada from ploughing four inches deep at seven or eight inches. Moreover, in the shallow ploughing the draft is considerably reduced and therefore the cost is less. In the Prairie Provinces, experiments on several stations have demonstrated that yields of wheat are not diminished when no ploughing is done at all. In these experiments the plough was replaced by the cultivator or the disk. Ploughing has in August, or immediately after harvest, ploughing and reploughing in the fall has proven a sound practice for the eradication of perennial weeds. Fall ploughing should be done in Eastern Canada in preference to spring ploughing on heavy clay soil. Where annual weeds are troublesome, discing rather than ploughing corn land is recommended except in areas where the corn borer is present.

### "COMBINES" AND ACREAGE

(Edmonton Bulletin)

According to an extensive study in farm power in Saskatchewan and Alberta, conducted by the Economics Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Canadian Pioneer Problems Committee, the University of Saskatchewan, and the University of Alberta, the combine-harvester is a relatively expensive machine. Therefore, when a farmer purchases a combine he must consider the cost of the machine in order to reduce it to a reasonable figure per acre the overhead costs of interest and depreciation due to wear and tear and eventual disuse. In most cases during the investigation it was found that 700 acres or more for a 15 foot combine and \$25 acres or more for 10-12 foot combine must be harvested per year to obtain a reasonable cost per acre of crop harvested. When conditions are not particularly favourable for a particular commodity it is recommended that it might be necessary to plant harvesting fewer acres per season to reduce the risk of loss to the standing crop due to early snowstorms, even though the cost of harvesting per acre is increased.

Mrs. Russel Marr returned from the Cereal hospital last week.

### THE TAR SANDS

(Edmonton Bulletin)

Interest in the development of the northern Alberta tar sands has been stimulated this year by the experiments in extraction being conducted at Toronto by Max Ball, who is endeavoring to establish a simple and efficient method of separation of the bitumen from the sands. These experiments have advanced to the final stage and have been witnessed by a large number of experts and others, who believe that Mr. Ball has found one solution to the problem that has been put to the extraction of the tar sands for the future. No definite announcement as yet is available from Mr. Ball as to his plans in connection with the experiments.

Operations have been continued by the International Bitumen Co., who have been operating for some years on leases totalling 10,000 acres some fifty miles down the Athabasca river beyond railhead. The company has been shipping out only from one to two carloads of bitumen a year, but have been carrying on experiments on the deposits for the extraction of oil. From the company's bitumen output, a large proportion has been manufactured, including kinds of roofing, paint and varnish. They also have developed a medicinal product which they have been used with success in one or two hospitals and has the endorsement of a number of medical authorities.

### THE INDEX NUMBER

The level of prices of farm products is a matter of great importance to the people of Canada. It affects the purchasing power of the largest single group of the population and therefore limits the market for the various articles of industrial goods. Comparing prices over a period of time, it is rather difficult to establish exact relationships. Therefore statisticians use a device known as an index number. This number represents the relative position of prices at a given time, as compared with those in a period when conditions were fairly stable and prices of the different groups of commodities occupied a reasonably satisfactory relationship. For instance, prices in the year 1926 have been used by most statisticians as a period on which to base the index field crops (grain and vegetable products) was 94 compared with 100 in 1926. In 1932 the index had dropped to 41 and to 35 in January, 1933. During 1933, however, the index rose to 46 and in 1934 ranged between 48 and 61.

## CHINOOK TRADING CO.

-- YOUR PRICE GUIDE. --

Friday & Saturday, March 8 & 9.

Salada Tea, Yelo Label lb .54c

Tomatoes, Broder's Best 3 cans .38c

Grown and packed in Alberta

Macaroni Catelli's Premium Quick Cooking 3 lb. pkge .27c

An Aluminum Premium in Every Package

Baking Soda 1 lb Pkge .11c

Blue Ribbon vacuum Coffee 1 lb. .42c

Pearl Naptha Soap 10 bars .37c

Fancy Delicious Apples 5 lbs .28c

LYE 2 cans .25c

Oranges 176s dozen .49c

Lemons doz .30c

Lard Shamrock pure per lb. .15c

Robin Hood China Oats .30c

# News!

## Salada Tea

now has a blend  
for every purse

### Yellow Label

# 55¢ - 1 lb

BROWN LABEL • 65¢ 1 lb.  
ORANGE PEKOE • 80¢ 1 lb.

All leaders in their class

### The Brighter Side

For the past five years the people of Canada in common with those of other countries have been looking at the dark side of things, and during these years the picture at which they have been looking has become progressively darker and more gloomy. In fact, following the stock market crash in the late months of 1929, people generally did not seek to find any rays of light, they became more and more fearful, and preferred to dwell upon every unfavorable factor in the situation and to close their eyes and refuse to see anything that could be regarded as hopeful. But, however, and unfortunately for Western Canada, it was accentuated by reason of the advent of a cycle of abnormally dry years, accompanied by other climatic conditions, with their aftermath of pests and other drawbacks entirely beyond the control of man, and all discouraging and destructive of confidence on the part of people who were greatly afflicted.

Under the circumstances the amazing thing is that people, taken on the whole, have displayed such wonderful fortitude, so much courage and such fine patience.

Within recent months the clouds of depression have been thinning, conditions have been slowly improving, and the time has come when we think that the general picture is well, to take a look at some of the brighter things in our material life for which they have deep reason for thankfulness in comparison with the lot of other peoples and nations.

Unlike quite a few nations, Canada has maintained its national honor, has kept its reputation as a nation of obligation, and a record of credit stands higher than ever in the estimation of the world, and is a great asset that has not decreased in value but has been substantially increased, and that increased value will stand this Dominion in good stead in the years that lie ahead.

The general business situation Canada is improving. In view of the very large and important aspects of brightness, leading the horizons and confidence for the future, the best stimulus to the development of the country, Canada has been free and is one of the one great burden which rests with crushing force upon the world to-day. That is the burden of armaments—the enormous cost of warlike preparations. While other nations are paying annual tribute reckoned in hundreds of millions, even billions of dollars, to the greater god War, the Canadian people have turned their attention to so-called "couples," small dealers, one or two seafarers, and a small unit of militia which is merely a reserve to the established police forces of the country to assist it and when necessary in the maintenance of peace within our own borders, but in no sense an army maintained for offense against any nation—that is all. With no great battleships, no standing army, no great fleet, no colonies, Canada lives at peace with the world, the friend of every nation, having no enemies.

If this picture was otherwise, if the Canadian people were taxed to the limit, as other peoples are, to provide the god of war with the machinery and equipment of wholesale human destruction, then Canada might have cause to fear for the future. Fortunately that fear does not exist.

Given a relatively peaceful and therefore favorable economic condition throughout Western Canada, with a removal of the artificial restrictions imposed upon the commercial transactions and business life of the country,—both of which conditions are not only possible but probable and ones we have every reason to expect,—and free from the entanglements of entanglements, the Canadian people without any undue optimism may turn their eyes away from the darker picture of the past five years and find renewed confidence and happiness in the brighter, better days now dawning.

### The Abundant Vitality of Cod Liver Oil

## PLUS PLEASANT TASTE



BUILD GONES,  
IM'VITAMIN A,  
D, E,  
PEN'  
NEEDS  
EVERY  
DAY!

For over fifty years doctors have specified "Scott's Emulsion," wherever the bone-building, strengthening qualities of pure cod liver oil were required. Scott's Emulsion is more than just cod liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is pure cod liver oil, emulsified for easier digestion, greater efficiency and pleasant taste.

# SCOTT'S EMULSION

THE COD LIVER OIL WITH THE PLUS VALUE  
For Sale by Your Druggist

### Magic Of Science

Electric Lung Restores Speech To Persons Without Voice

An electric "lung" and a pair of magnetic handcuffs, both new, have come out of the scientific magic box of the Bell Laboratories.

They were shown at a meeting of the University of Michigan Club of New York by Dr. Seward P. Grace, vice-president of the laboratories.

The lung substitutes electric current for air to make vocal sounds in the artificial larynx, which the laboratories invented to restore speech to about 1,000 persons in the United States who have lost their vocal cords.

The new instrument is placed in the mouth, much like a pipe. It pours into the mouth a pure tone which becomes intelligible speech merely by movement of mouth, lips and tongue in ordinary conversational manner. The voiceless person uses a pocket battery little bigger than a deck of cards. He puts his "pipe" in his mouth. He presses a button and the sound continues as long as he holds this switch closed.

The magnetic handcuffs demonstrate the super-magnetic power of a new alloy which possesses 20 times the attraction of pure iron. With a cuff on each wrist, or held on each hand, the chain between is joined by placing together two flat pieces of the new metal.

The most powerful man cannot pull these plates apart.

### WHY HIS HEADACHES CEASED

Wife Put Kruschen In His Coffee

He could not understand why the headaches he had been subject to suddenly ceased. His wife told him, and he at once sat down and wrote the following letter:

"I am 62 years of age, and ever since I was a boy of ten years, I was subject to very bad headaches. But two weeks ago I suddenly stopped to consider what for what reason I did not know. I was surprised when one day my wife told me I had been using Kruschen Salts in my coffee for over two years. I am still using them, and I know now that they are the cause of my headaches."

Headaches can nearly always be traced to a disordered stomach, and to the unsuspected retention in the system of stagnating waste materials. These poisons—poisonous to the body—form again and you'll never have to worry any more. And that is just how Kruschen Salts brings swift and lasting relief from headaches. Kruschen Salt and Nature to cleanse your body completely of all clogging waste matter.

### Uses Special Board

Blind Player Is Having Luck At Monte Carlo

A blind gambler's luck is attracting the attention of visitors to the Casino at Monte Carlo, and some have found it profitable to follow his play.

Every day he arrives at the Casino alone and is escorted to his favorite place by one of the officials. He brings with him a special board covered with raised figures and on this records the various numbers as they turn up.

His play is systematic without being sensationalistically high, but it is seldom that he gets up from the green table a loser. His identity remains a mystery. He knows little French.

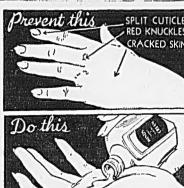
### Larks Damage Wheat

Farmers In England Have Started War On Songsters

Even if Shelley wrote an ode about it and Schubert was inspired by it to compose a beautiful melody, the lark is just a bird that damages wheat and other crops. So declare the farmers in the vicinity of Norfolk, England, and they have started a war on the songster. The Norfolk Agricultural Committee has excluded the bird from the new order under the Wild Birds Protection Act. Anyon therefore may shoot it and have lark pie. "The skylark is a nice bird, but we can't live by listening to its music," said George Hewitt, an agricultural leader. The larks are said to invade England in flocks from Germany and Russia.

It was stated in London the British Poppy Day realized £11,000 more than in 1933, when the total was £11,853, the record collection being £124,650 in 1930.

The lobster chews its food before putting it into its mouth; a set of external food choppers cuts up the food before it is passed into the mouth proper.



HINDS  
Honey & Almond CREAM  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED U.S.A.

DR. WERNET'S POWDER  
FOR HOLDING  
TIGHT  
**FAKE**  
TEETH



### Midnight Gold Rush

Discovery Of Free Gold At Lake Athabasca Causes Excitement

Discovery of free gold in the Beaverlodge field on Lake Athabasca, has led to wild excitement in the area, says a special radio dispatch from Fort Chipewyan to the Edmonton Journal. Word of the discovery caused a wild midnight gold rush which left Beaverlodge camp deserted half an hour after word of the find reached him.

The find was made by a St. Joseph's Point trapper, who brought in samples of rich ore and, on his return journey, discovered he was told me I had been using Kruschen Salts in my coffee for over two years. I am still using them, and I know now that they are the cause of my headaches."

The trapper, pretending he was lost, managed to throw his pursuers off the trail, then hurried to stake near his find.

The find was made by a St.

Joseph's Point trapper, who brought in samples of rich ore and, on his return journey, discovered he was told me I had been using Kruschen Salts in my coffee for over two years. I am still using them, and I know now that they are the cause of my headaches."

The diamond drill cores from Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company claims at Beaverlodge are reported to have shown rich deposits of gold 30 feet below the surface.

About one-third of New York City's 1,722,954 families live in Brooklyn.

### ARE YOU TROUBLED WITH NERVES?

Do you find it hard to go to sleep at night? Do you feel poorly rested in the morning, "jumpy" all day, and "ragged" by evening?

Then take Wincares! It's a delicious wine—not a drug, that soothes mind and body. Almost as soon as you begin taking Wincares you feel wonderfully better. This is because Wincares enriches your blood, soothes your nerves and creates lasting reserves of strength and energy.

Over 100,000 physicians now in practice value the value of Wincares in cases of jumpy nerves, insomnia, anemia, debility and general indisposition. Get Wincares from your druggist—Sales Agents: Harold F. Ritchie & Co. Ltd., Toronto.

14

Get Rid of Disfiguring  
**PIMPLES**  
BLOTCHES AND ALL  
SKIN RASHES WITH  
**D.D.D.**

Dr. D. Dennis' Liquid  
Prescription, made and  
guaranteed by the makers of  
Campania's Italian Balm. Trial  
bottle 35¢ at your druggist.

### CHORE GIRL Cleans Pots and Pans

A safe and efficient sponge made of  
pure copper ribbon which will not  
rust or splinter.

AT ALL  
STORES  
Made in  
Canada

Metal Textile Corp. of Can., Ltd.

### Township That Is Unique

Adamsfield, Australia, Isolated Although Only 24 Miles From Railhead

There has been discovered to the world a township in Tasmania, Australia, which is unique, at any rate, in the southern hemisphere.

It has no hotel, there is no church, no wedding have been held there, there is no clergyman, and the town is under the control of a vigilance committee.

The township is that of Adamsfield, less than 70 miles as the crow flies from Hobart, and only 24 miles from a railhead. From the railhead, however, the only means of communication is by horse.

Some of the residents have not "been out end"—that is, made the journey out to civilization—for years, and it is possible for the stray visitor who finds his way in to guess the year in which the womenfolk last did so, by the fashions they are following.

The vigilance committee is a real power and has come into being because of the rare visits of a policeman on a tour of inspection. The committee finds in the main that public opinion is the most effective weapon it wields.

Recently an area of agricultural land was taken up 15 miles "in" from Adamsfield, and every item of supplies had to be taken in on men's shoulders.

### Architectural Toy

Proceeds Of World Tour Of Doll House To Be Donated To Hospitals For Sick Children

Colleen Moore's doll house—a 14-foot fairy castle with 11 rooms—will arrive in New York April 1 for its world premiere.

The architectural toy, built at a cost of \$435,000, will be taken on a world tour and the proceeds from exhibitions will be donated to hospitals for crippled children.

Built in scale of an inch to the foot, the doll's house contains these marvels:

A gold cathedral organ, 15 inches high, which plays music.

A feather nightingale operated by electricity.

Light bulbs the size of wheat grains.

A robot fairy princess who sings, answers questions and dances in a garden grotto.

A bible the size of a baby's thumb nail.

Colleen Moore said the doll's house was one of her childhood dreams.

### Nationalistic Policy

Sir Josiah Stamp Believes U.S. Policy Does Not Fit Needs

Sir Josiah Stamp, famed economist, in a speech before the American Chamber of Commerce said the United States "is pursuing a highly centralized nationalistic policy which is ill-suited to the needs of closely-knit world trade improvement."

"The NRA codes," he said, "have not paid great attention to international factors and the uncertain condition in America has been brought about by codes. The piece-meal treatment of the problem, nation by nation, is wrong. It is unnatural for trade to be balanced between two nations. It is more important that trade with all countries be treated as a whole."

Sir Josiah stressed the importance of currency stabilization and said, "if it was known the United States were going to devalue another 10 per cent., it would help matters greatly."

### Canadian Percheron Association

Nine Directors Are Elected At Meeting In Brandon

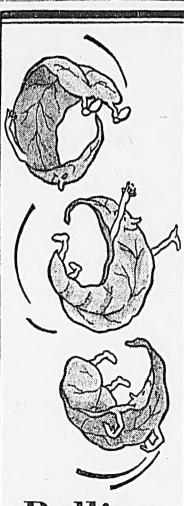
The nine directors of the Canadian Percheron Association, elected by ballot, were announced at Brandon by A. M. MacPherson, secretary of the association.

The elected directors are: J. A. Stemer of Ste. Anne de Puatier, Que.; Charles M. McCullum, Brampton, Ont.; M. W. Connel, Keweenaw, Ont.; James Ramsey, Portage la Prairie, Man.; Carl Roberts, Ste. Adolphe, Man.; Hardy E. Salter, Calgary; W. A. Greenway, Acme, Alta.; J. E. Ross, Govan, Sask., and L. A. Doan, Stony Beach, Sask.

The next annual meeting of the association is to be held in Toronto.

An English boy swallowed a safety razor blade. But every household is not equipped with boys to get rid of the pesky things.

Football is a popular game with Eskimo children, particularly little girls, and the ball is made of seal skin stuffed with hair.



### Rolling down to Ogden's

to make the fragrant, friendly cigarette tobacco that gives a man real satisfaction in "rolling his own". Only the best leaves can pass the Ogden's test for boldness and smoothness and easy rolling. That's why Ogden's Fine Cut is such a hit. Roll your own with Ogden's and you'll find it rolls easier and rolls them better—especially when you choose the finest cigarette papers, "Chancery" or "Vogue".

### SAVE THE POKER HANDS

**OGDEN'S**  
FINE CUT

Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Plug

### Starvation The Cure

When People Do Not Have Money To Buy Rich Foods Then Health Is Improved

In days of depression, general health is better than in days of opulence and fine living, several doctors told the House of Commons during a health debate. Dr. J. P. Howden (Lib., St. Boniface) said "starvation is the cure for many diseases" and it was because people did not have the money to buy rich foods that their health improved. And it was true, Dr. Howden added, that "many people dig their graves with their teeth."

**THE FAMOUS RUBBING LINIMENT**  
Rub—pain goes. Get the famous economy size—also available in smaller, regular size.

**MINARD'S KING OF PAIN LINIMENT**  
65

Rub—pain goes. Get the famous economy size—also available in smaller, regular size.

**BUILD UP THE BLOOD**  
Mr. G. W. Vollig of 14 Poulett St., Hamilton, Ont., has found Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to be the best medicine to build up a weak and rundown system. It also regulates digestion, stimulates appetite and strengthens the appetite and energy.

New size, tablets or liquid, \$1.35. Write to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N.Y., for free medical advice.

**Stop Food Wastage**  
Use—  
**PARA-SANI WAXED PAPER**

Get the Green box. Keep it in your kitchen always. Inexpensive.

**Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS**  
HAMILTON, ONTARIO

### PATENTS

A List Of "Wasted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request.  
The RAMSAY CO. Dept. 278 BANK ST., OTTAWA, ONT.

DON'T RISK BAKING FAILURES . . .



**BAKE WITH MAGIC** and be sure of good cake! This dependable baking powder is used and recommended by Canada's leading confectionery experts because it gives better results. Order it today!

CONTAINS NO ALUM—This statement on every tin guarantees that Magic Baking Powder is free from alum or any harmful ingredient.

Made in Canada

## THE TENDERFOOT

By  
GEORGE B. RODNEY

Author of "The Coronado Trail", "The Canyon Trail", Etc.

SYNOPSIS

"You've fallen heir to a half-share in plenty of trouble," the lawyer told Gerald Keene. "The Broken Spur has been systematically looting the ranch, and old Joe Carr, your partner, is drinking himself into ruin."

Dad Kane, the ranch's luckless proprietor, now till autumn to tell Dustin and Spike Goddard, who had grubstaked him, of his discovery of a rich gold mine, and shows samples of the ore.

Dustin unexpectedly comes along while Stone and Edith are riding fence, and seeing them, stops and talks to Edith. He mentions their dispute could be settled by marrying him, and Edith refuses his proposal with remarks that make him flinch. His insults Stone, who promptly throws him into a pool of water.

Stone tells Crewe, his foreman, about his meeting with Dustin. Stone and Crewe go to Seco to mail a telegram to Gerald Keene. While Seco an attempt is made to kill Stone, who proves more than a match for his enemies.

Meanwhile, the law office of Gerald Keene has been sent for, and now that Duro Stone has seen the Broken Spur men rustling Carr's cattle. He sets out with Dad Kane to learn the location of his gold discovery. Dad Kane shows Duro the mine, and Duro and Stone then return to the Broken Spur ranch.

Meanwhile, at the Hour Glass, Carr, Crews and Stone speculate as to the number of entries in the notebook belonging to Dad Kane. Duro Stone has found Stone thinks of a possible solution, and, accompanied by Edith Carr, rides out to Red Water to test out the theory, which proves correct, and they find the killer. Duro Stone, mentioned in the prospector's notebook. As they return to the ranch, they meet Dustin leaving the house, who purposefully, but unsuccessfully tries to ride down Stone.

(Now Go On With The Story)

## CHAPTER XIII.—Continued

"Wait a bit. I've got a better plan than that . . ." Dustin's grin was the grin of a dog who sees the meat that he intends to seize. "Wait! If I had sprung that on Joe Carr, he'd simply wait till this Gerald Keene, his partner, turns up. Young Keene might have the money. If he has, then old Carr would get out of my clutches. See? Keene would sure help Carr meet that note. He'd sure

## Makes Legal Oath



MRS. E. SEYFFERT

Who is in a severe strait how easily she brought her lasting recovery from chronic constipation. Mrs. Seyffert, who resides at 70 Seaton Street, Toronto, is so happy to be well again that she wants to share her experience and made it under oath before a notary to convince you of its absolute truth. Mrs. Seyffert says: "I was always subject to constipation. For years I felt run down, lacked all vitality. My complexion was yellow, and I had to take a long walk every morning during my own housework. My complexion is clear and I am quite regular."

Cop. of Mrs. Seyffert's complete corn stool treatment, \$1.00 postpaid. Write Fruities Limited, Ottawa, Canada.

FRUIT-A-TIVES—25¢ and 50¢ EVERYWHERE

to see him at once. Not a word more than that."

Spike went and ten minutes later Peyot dropped his hat at the door and came shamblingly into the room. Dustin looked up from some pretended work at the desk.

"It's a good thing for you, Peyot, that you came at once!" he said. "I'm sorry for you, but I don't see how you were wrong. He had some friends back East. He had a nephew. His name is Gerald Kane or Keene or something like that. Anyhow old man Kane must have written him that he had found a gold mine. This nephew telephoned that he will be out here to-morrow night to look up his uncle. You know what that means. Every one knows that I've been grub-stakin' old man Kane. They'll come to me first of all if they ask me any questions, Peyot, you can see that I've got to tell 'em the truth. I'm willing to help you all I can, Peyot, but not to the extent of perjury. Of course, I know just about how it was . . . You smoked that damned stuff that I've told you to leave alone. You had a bad dream, you got into a scuffle with old man Kane and killed him . . ."

Peyot looked dazed. He had looked for a coin and perhaps an errand and he found a threat that he only half understood. He could not guess what was coming, but he knew that he was on the verge of being violently ill. His stomach was queasy. Man, born of woman, cannot smoke unlimited peyot cigarettes to kill the memory of a murder that he never committed and still carry himself like a free man. Peyot squirmed and Dustin glared at him.

"You damned fool. I've told you a dozen times not to get any of these things except what I give you. I give you your full allowance. Just suppose you take too many of these and talk too much. You know what'll happen. You'll be hung as high as a horse."

"All right. I'll show you. Do you happen to remember the date that young imp of hell, Gerald Keene, the owner of the other-half of the Hour-glass, is due here?"

"Huh. Suppose I've got four good ones in the hole. What then?" "Show me your aces," growled Spike. "Dammed if I can see any sign of a damned ace this mess."

"All right. I'll show you. Do you happen to remember the date that young imp of hell, Gerald Keene, the owner of the other-half of the Hour-glass, is due here?"

"On the tenth of next month, it said. This is the next month and today's the ninth. He's due in Seco tomorrow night, I reckon."

"All right. Now listen to me . . ." Dustin sat forward and tilted his chair on its front legs. "You and I have been partners for a good many years. That right?"

Spike Goddard started at him. Was his partner losing his mind? He studied Dustin for a long three minutes and Dustin grinned quietly at him. Finally:

"We've been strippin' the Hour-glass of everything it's got for more'n five years," said Spike. "If one of us told what he knows about the other, he'd sure as hell go to jail, I reckon. We've soaked away every dollar we could raise. We've got seventeen thousand in cold cash right now in our office safe. You don't need to have me say it but . . . Make your game. I'm playin' her as she lays."

Dustin nodded complete satisfaction.

"I know you'd say that," he said. "Now listen . . . Old Kane located that mine. It's on the Hour-glass, I know that. Kane and Peyot and I went there. Kane showed me the mine. Then he and Peyot got into a fight over some water. I wasn't in camp when it happened but I got back to find Kane dead with his head all mashed in and Peyot in one of his confounded fits after dapping all up with his stuff. . . ."

"That you give him . . ." said Spike, grinning.

Dustin's face turned the color of old dough. He leaned forward and gripped Spike's arm.

"If you weren't my partner, I'd kill you for that word," he said.

Spike shivered. He felt suddenly as though his veins had been filled with ice water.

" . . . Go on," he said awkwardly. "I'm listenin' . . ."

"Aye. Well, when Peyot saw what he'd done, he went all to pieces. Old Kane is buried up Red Water canon. No one will ever find him there. Well, . . . this man Gerald Keene is Gerald Kane. He's the nephew of old Kane . . . That's his name, d'ye see? Gerald Kane is comin' out here to investigate the reported death of his uncle, Dad Kane. . . . If the murderer is discovered Peyot Gregg will hang . . . Is it gettin' clear to you?"

"Good God," said Spike explosively. "Do you expect me to believe that?"

"I don't care a damn if you believe it or not' so long as' Peyot believes it. Get me so far?"

"I sure do . . ." Spike glanced admiringly at his partner. This would be a master stroke indeed. If Peyot Gregg, the well-known "hopper-head" could be got to kill Gerald Keene then Keene's share of the Hour-glass would pass to old Joe Carr, and they held old Joe Carr's note for the Hour-glass . . . where Kane and Dustin had located the gold.

"By God," he said, "you're hit. But I swear I don't see how you can pull it off."

"You don't have to see. Go on out of here and tell Peyot that I want

sins. The time had been wholly insufficient and Wills had gone to some questionable place with a larist about his neck. Peyot remembered seeing the long body swinging in the wind under a giant live oak while a yellow-hammer and two woodpeckers hammered cheerfully above him. He had never forgotten it and Dustin knew it.

"You see, Peyot, it's this way. When you killed old man Kane, who he was just an old desert rat, who had no friends. It seems we were wrong. He had some friends back East. He had a nephew. His name is Gerald Kane or Keene or something like that. Anyhow old man Kane must have written him that he had found a gold mine. This nephew telephoned that he will be out here to-morrow night to look up his uncle. You know what that means. Every one knows that I've been grub-stakin' old man Kane. They'll come to me first of all if they ask me any questions, Peyot, you can see that I've got to tell 'em the truth. I'm willing to help you all I can, Peyot, but not to the extent of perjury. Of course, I know just about how it was . . . You smoked that damned stuff that I've told you to leave alone. You had a bad dream, you got into a scuffle with old man Kane and killed him . . ."

Peyot shuddered. "Mexico ain't so far away," he muttered.

"They'd get you there. They ex-

tradite for murder in Mexico. I guess you've got to pay the bill, Peyot . . . if this man Gerald

Kane turns up . . ."

He had suggested the answer even to a drug-deadened brain.

(To Be Continued)

## Would Have Cheque Framed

Abertha Farmer Receives Nineteen Cents In Payment For Cow

One farmer in Alberta has an idea of how to teach his children what hard times mean. He is a neighbor of G. G. Coote, United Farmer member for Macleod. Mr. Coote told about him in the House of Commons.

The farmer sent a cow to the Calgary market and after paying all charges was told his net return would be 19 cents. The agent who sold the cow received 75 cents commission. The charge for the hay the cow ate at the market was 35 cents. He was asked to call in for his money as the amount was too small to pay by cheque but the farmer wanted a cheque.

He said he proposed to have it framed so if at some time in the future his son complained of poor prices he could show him what really low prices were.

## Dislikes Leaving Canada

Countess of Bessborough Has Felt Very Much At Home

Attending the annual meeting of the Local Council of Women in Ottawa, the Countess of Bessborough spoke briefly to the officers and members and expressed her appreciation at being invited to the meeting. She said she had not really realized until she entered the room, that it would be the last meeting of the Local Council which she would attend.

"I have been so happy in Ottawa, you have received us so warmly and made us feel so much at home here that I do not like the idea of leaving," she said. She explained that while they would not be leaving Canada for a number of months, still when she was back in England, she would often send her thoughts back across the Atlantic ocean and wish happiness to all.

## Foot And Mouth Disease

Canada And South Africa Only Countries Free From This Blight

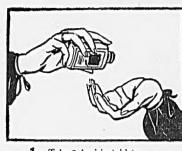
Canada and the Union of South Africa were said to be the only countries free from the blight of foot and mouth disease, during an agricultural debate in the British House of Commons.

Captain Frank Helgers, Conservative, who farms more than 1,000 acres in west Suffolk, and is a member of the Friesian Cattle Society, said the society had searched the world over for countries free from the disease, and Canada and South Africa were practically the only ones they had found.

All other countries were spending money in research on the disease and were failing to find a remedy, he added.

Long hair was worn by Buffalo Bill and the other Indian fighters as a matter of honor. They believed that their Indian captor was entitled to a respectable scalplock if he captured them.

## TRY FASTER WAY TO RELIEVE A COLD



Discovery Bringing Almost Instant Relief to Millions

### Follow Simple Directions:

When you have a cold, remember the simple treatment pictured here . . . prescribed by doctors as the quick, safe way.

Results are amazing. Ache and distress go immediately. Because of Aspirin's quick-disintegrating property, Aspirin "takes hold" almost instantly. Your cold is relieved "quick as you caught it!"

All you do is take Aspirin and drink plenty of water. Do this every 2 to 4 hours the first day—less often afterward . . . if throat is sore, the Aspirin gargle will ease it as little as 2 minutes.

Ask your doctor about this. And be sure you get ASPIRIN when you buy. It is made in Canada and all druggists have it. Look for the Bayer in the form of a cross on every Aspirin tablet. Aspirin is the trade mark of the Bayer Company, Limited.

### DOES NOT HARM THE HEART



represented by Max Ball, which had conducted a "pilot" plant in Toronto for preliminary experiments.

The minister added he understood the firm had proceeded with construction in Alberta of a separation plant as soon as weather conditions permitted work and that the separation plant would be followed by a refinery. All the works, he believed, would cost about \$250,000.

Mr. Murphy said the government would not spend any money on the scheme but that the company will be required to pay royalties for the rights made with the Denver interests privileges of working the sands.

## YOU CAN'T "KILL" COLDS but you may Control them!

Don't run risks with so-called "cold-killers." It's so easy to prevent and shorten colds.

For lower and shorter colds—let Vicks Plan for Better Control of Colds help you and your family. It is safe and effective. Proven in thousands of clinical tests and in actual home use by millions.

### To help PREVENT Colds —VICKS VA-TRO-NOL

At the first sniffle, sneeze or nasal irritation, apply a few drops of Vicks Va-tro-nol. Its timely use helps to avoid many annoying colds.

(Full details of this tested Plan in each Vicks package)

### VICKS PLAN FOR BETTER CONTROL OF COLDS.

## Banish Constipation Nature's way!

A Natural Corrective . . . doctors advise its use to get rid of Constipation

Take your doctors' advice! healthy bowel movement. It is safe, effective and gentle. And it saves you money because it allows you to dispense with costly drugs.

Remember, Quaker Bran is different from all prepared bran cereals. It is pure, uncooked—untreated—unadulterated. For these reasons it is definitely richer in mineral and vitamin content.

Quaker Natural Bran works with nature to induce normal

## QUAKER BRAN

Pure, Natural, packaged bran.

2811

## Edwardsburg CROWN BRAND The Leading CORN SYRUP

"THE FAMOUS ENERGY FOOD"

A product of The CANADA STARCH CO., Limited

## WINDSOR SALT

Tear Off and Mail Today  
CANADIAN INDUSTRIES LIMITED  
SAV DAVIS LTD.  
WINDSOR, ONT., M1M

Without obligation please send special  
Children's Brochure, Child all over the  
World.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

## The Ottawa Letter

Time devoted to private members' bills has been reduced almost to the vanishing point but some important resolutions have been dealt with. A bill to amend the Insurance Act, brought in by Mr. Coote (F. F. A. Macleod) will be of wide interest at this time when so many people are finding it hard to meet the premiums on their life policies. Mr. Coote seeks to have reduced the premiums when the Act was revised two years ago, making it compulsory for a life insurance company, when premiums are not paid, to carry the policy until cash surrender value is exhausted. It was shown that the value of policies surrendered and dropped during a three-year period amounted to an Alberta alone to \$9,000,000. Further, the member for Macleod said it that the rate of interest on any advance or loan on a policy be limited to four per cent. Figures were given showing that the amount of loans had increased from \$169,000,000 in 1929 to \$244,000,000 in 1932, the latest year for which the member had received data. Mr. Coote said he had found the interest rate on these loans as high as eight per cent in some cases, with the lowest six, which he considered still too high. The companies nearly twenty-five per cent of their money invested in these absolutely safe loans, and the next best loans would be deposit government bonds on which the interest would be below four per cent. The Minister of Finance contended that the clause referred to had been dropped because there was doubt about it coming within the jurisdiction of the federal government, while he considered the interest rate on loans to be a technical matter to be discussed with the companies. He said he would not object to second reading of the bill if it were sent to the committee on banking and commerce, to which Mr. Coote agreed. Another bill brought in by the member for Macleod, motioned to limit the Interest Act to limit interest on any agreement to seven per cent, and on real estate mortgages to four per cent, was also referred to the same committee.

A bill to amend the Railways Act, to bring into schedule and charges of coastal shipping under the supervision of the board of railway commissioners, introduced by Mr. Neil (Ind. Comox-Alberni) received second reading but has had only brief discussion so far. The Minister of Railways addressed the debate and will give his views at a future time.

A motion was introduced by Chas. Stewart (Liberal Edmonton W.) "that in the opinion of this House agricultural implements and machinery should be free from customs duties." Mr. Stewart pointed out that there had been practically no replacement of farm machinery during the last few years and that time is come when this is necessary. If the farmers are to carry on this is almost impossible under the present high prices. In 1907 and 1908, when wheat was 90 cts. per bushel a Massy Harris binder could be bought for \$160. At the present time, with all farm products at a low price, a farmer has to pay nearly \$300 for a binder which should cost no more than the former one. Mr. Stewart believed that the machinery companies are so strongly organized that the abolition of customs duties would not entirely correct this situation but it would help

to some extent. Mr. Rhodes was of the opinion that in view of pending negotiations with the United States on matters of international trade it would be inadvisable to debate this motion at this time. Moreover, the motion would be discussed more properly during the budget debate and he suggested the matter be adjourned until that time, which was agreed to by the mover.

An interesting discussion took place on a resolution by Mr. Church (Cons. Toronto) on the subject of motor accidents. Mr. Church said he was aware that in the British North America Act regulation of motor traffic came under provincial jurisdiction but he thought it would be far better if it were a federal problem entirely. "No accident in Canada can be solved as long as that Act remains in its present state. It is nothing but a passing-the-buck Act. We want the B. N. A. Act for the living and not for the dead," declared the Toronto member, referring to the attention the House of Commons in Ontario alone 55 persons, more than twice the entire membership of the House of Commons, gave to the bill. In this connection, he charged that a "racist" is being operated in that connection. When fish of supposedly first quality is canned the word "Canada" is stamped on the lid. When govt. inspectors claim a case is not first quality the canners have to put on a second lid marked "second quality". This costs the canner three or four dollars a case less than the first quality, thus remove the second lid to be sold in the stores as first quality. He called this practice "ridiculous".

Under consideration of agricultural extension was a bill storm was raised by agricul. members in regard to the \$500 granted by the Dominion Marketing Board for expense of procurement of the marketing scheme being voted upon in the last province this week. Mr. Young (Winnipeg) asked in what particular but the Minister did not answer, in the sense in which the word is generally used. Men from the department simply presented the details of the scheme to the producers so they would understand it fully before voting upon it. Asked if the opponents of the scheme could also claim expenses from this fund he replied they could not. In regard to the majority of voters necessary to pass the bill, which into force. Mr. West said he would have to decide this after the vote had been taken. He indicated the vote would have to be almost unanimous.

The unemployment insurance measure is a right royal production committee, but most without opposition from some of the clauses, especially from the third group. Upon second reading Mr. Church said he would not press the motion at the moment but hoped some good would come out of the discussion. "We must legislate against motor manslaughter and motor murder until it has become less fashionable," said Mr. Church.

On the second reading of his bill to amend the Fisheries Act, Mr. Reid (Lib. New Westminster) made some startling statements in regard to the salmon fishing industry on the west coast. For the benefit of the uninitiated Mr. Reid briefly explained the difference between seining and gill net fishing, the former of which he was objecting to. The purse seine is of fine mesh, about twelve hundred feet long and seventy-three feet in depth and operated from power boats.

When lowered around a school of fish it catches all the fish so enclosed. The gill nets, while almost as long, are only about thirty feet deep, of much larger mesh and operated from small boats, by one or two men. Mr. Reid remanded the bill to committee, probably strenuously against opening the area at the mouth of the Fraser River to purse seining in 1933, and the protests have been amply justified. Sixty-five purse seine boats had been allowed to operate in 1933, while this number had increased to 103 last year, and if allowed to continue the industry will not only be depleted but actually eliminated in a very few years. The member for New Westminster regretted the loss of a good Minister of Fisheries when Mr. Rhodes was made Minister of Finance in 1932 and desired that the fisheries be placed under the control of the Department of Finance as long as that Act remains in its present state. It is nothing but a passing-the-buck Act. We want the B. N. A. Act for the living and not for the dead," declared the Toronto member, referring to the attention the House of Commons in Ontario alone 55 persons, more than twice the entire membership of the House of Commons, gave to the bill. In this connection, he charged that a "racist" is being operated in that connection. When fish of supposedly first quality is canned the word "Canada" is stamped on the lid. When govt. inspectors claim a case is not first quality the canners have to put on a second lid marked "second quality". This costs the canner three or four dollars a case less than the first quality, thus remove the second lid to be sold in the stores as first quality. He called this practice "ridiculous".

Under consideration of agricultural extension was a bill storm was raised by agricul. members in regard to the \$500 granted by the Dominion Marketing Board for expense of procurement of the marketing scheme being voted upon in the last province this week. Mr. Young (Winnipeg) asked in what particular but the Minister did not answer, in the sense in which the word is generally used. Men from the department simply presented the details of the scheme to the producers so they would understand it fully before voting upon it. Asked if the opponents of the scheme could also claim expenses from this fund he replied they could not. In regard to the majority of voters necessary to pass the bill, which into force. Mr. West said he would have to decide this after the vote had been taken. He indicated the vote would have to be almost unanimous.

The unemployment insurance measure is a right royal production committee, but most without opposition from some of the clauses, especially from the third group. Upon second reading Mr. Church said he would not press the motion at the moment but hoped some good would come out of the discussion. "We must legislate against motor manslaughter and motor murder until it has become less fashionable," said Mr. Church.

On the second reading of his bill to amend the Fisheries Act, Mr. Reid (Lib. New Westminster) made some startling statements in regard to the salmon fishing industry on the west coast. For the benefit of the uninitiated Mr. Reid briefly explained the difference between seining and gill net fishing, the former of which he was objecting to. The purse seine is of fine mesh, about twelve hundred feet long and seventy-three feet in depth and operated from power boats.

When lowered around a school of fish it catches all the fish so enclosed. The gill nets, while almost as long, are only about thirty feet deep, of much larger mesh and operated from small boats, by one or two men. Mr. Reid remanded the bill to committee, probably strenuously against opening the area at the mouth of the Fraser River to purse seining in 1933, and the protests have been amply justified. Sixty-five purse seine boats had been allowed to operate in 1933, while this number had increased to 103 last year, and if allowed to continue the industry will not only be depleted but actually eliminated in a very few years. The member for New Westminster regretted the loss of a good Minister of Fisheries when Mr. Rhodes was made Minister of Finance in 1932 and desired that the fisheries be placed under the control of the Department of Finance as long as that Act remains in its present state. It is nothing but a passing-the-buck Act. We want the B. N. A. Act for the living and not for the dead," declared the Toronto member, referring to the attention the House of Commons in Ontario alone 55 persons, more than twice the entire membership of the House of Commons, gave to the bill. In this connection, he charged that a "racist" is being operated in that connection. When fish of supposedly first quality is canned the word "Canada" is stamped on the lid. When govt. inspectors claim a case is not first quality the canners have to put on a second lid marked "second quality". This costs the canner three or four dollars a case less than the first quality, thus remove the second lid to be sold in the stores as first quality. He called this practice "ridiculous".

When lowered around a school of fish it catches all the fish so enclosed.

The gill nets, while almost as long, are only about thirty feet deep, of much

larger mesh and operated from small

boats, by one or two men. Mr. Reid

remanded the bill to committee,

probably strenuously against open-

ing the area at the mouth of the

Fraser River to purse seining in

1933, and the protests have been

amply justified. Sixty-five purse

seine boats had been allowed to

operate in 1933, while this num-

ber had increased to 103 last year,

and if allowed to continue the indus-

try will not only be depleted but actu-

ally eliminated in a very few years.

The member for New Westminster

regretted the loss of a good Minis-

ter of Fisheries when Mr. Rhodes

was made Minister of Finance in

1932 and desired that the fisheries

be placed under the control of the

Department of Finance as long as

that Act remains in its present

state. It is nothing but a passing-

the-buck Act. We want the B. N. A.

Act for the living and not for the

dead," declared the Toronto mem-

ber, referring to the attention the

House of Commons in Ontario alone

55 persons, more than twice the

entire membership of the House of

Commons, gave to the bill. In this

connection, he charged that a "racist"

is being operated in that connec-

tion. When fish of supposedly first

quality is canned the word "Canada"

is stamped on the lid. When govt.

inspectors claim a case is not first

quality the canners have to put on

a second lid marked "second qual-

ity". This costs the canner three or

four dollars a case less than the first

quality, thus remove the second lid

to be sold in the stores as first qual-

ity. He called this practice "ridicu-

lous".

The regular meeting of the

Women's Institute was held at

Mrs. Bennett's home on Wed-

nesday, March 6th, with Mrs.

Wilson as assistant hostess. A

mothers bundle, containing a

complete layette is being pre-

pared and will be sent to a

needy mother.

Plans were made to make a

quilt which will later be raffled.

Mrs. Rideout was appointed

delegate to the W. I. conference

to be held in Edmonton in May.

The program consisted of a

very interesting paper on Can-

adian Industries by Mrs. Shier

and one on Canada's mineral

resources by Mrs. Milligan

which contained much practi-

cal and useful information of

interest to Canadians.

At the conclusion of the busi-

ness part of the meeting lunch

was served.

On Wednesday, February 27, the girls of the C. G. I. T. gr up served a bean supper at the Garage. The sum of \$17.00 was realized. Many complimentary remarks were made concerning the delicious meal. The girls wish to thank all those who in any way helped to make the affair a success. Many thanks are due to Messrs. Cooley Bros., for their kindness.

\*\*\*\*\*  
THE ADVANCE  
WEATHER BULLETIN  
\*\*\*\*\*

Monday, March 4—Cloudy cold, mainly weather in all the Canadian north west, though in far northwest of Alberta slowly moving disturbance with moderate temperatures.

Tuesday, March 5—Rather mild storm disturbance with gusty winds and slightly rising temperatures reaches central provinces from the northwest; east clear, cold.

Wednesday, March 6—Disturbed conditions drifts to Great Lakes regions where there are probably light winds and moderate temperatures. Gusts slope and the northwest becomes warmer.

Thursday, March 7—Generally unsettled, cold in parts, but with increasing temperatures, especially Great Lakes, where it is slightly colder.

Friday, March 8—Tunis clear and leader in most of the northwest; little or no precipitation except at Pacific slope and southwest central regions.

Saturday, March 9—In southwest of central provinces and on Pacific slope unsettled, stormy, snows; in east cold, west moderate temperatures.

Sunday, March 10—Cloudy and central regions near Great Lakes but in southwest and along southern borders with some light snows.

Week of March 4, 1935—In central provinces, starting with a clean sweep from the south, snow begins; unsettled with light snows moderating. In general temperatures are expected to slowly rise until about mid week; the central provinces and northwest will be the warmest part of the week.

Last fall the province sold 39 game license and 29 special licenses to 35 residents of the United States, and four residents of England. These hunters captured game trophies to the extent of 32 bighorn sheep, 29 mountain goat, 15 caribou, 22 deer, and 23 moose. 3 bear and 7 elk, but they spent in the province an estimated sum of \$10,000.

The circulating library has been opened at the Heathdale Post Office and books may be obtained by the community by observing the regulations.

The Card party and dance at Cloverleaf last Friday was a huge success. Miss Young and Frank Smith were the prize winners. Hazel Wiles and Russell Laughlin won the consolation.

The Keynote Seed Club met on Friday last and renewed their activities for 1935. A boost for new members was made and on Saturday a can vass was made by two energetic members. Six new youths joined, bringing the membership up to eighteen. The executive of this club for 1935 is: President—John Allen; Sec.—Donald Roy; Vice President—Melvin Hobson; Leader—Mr. E. Roy.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute was held at Mrs. Bennett's home on Wednesday, March 6th, with Mrs. Wilson as assistant hostess. A mothers bundle, containing a complete layette is being prepared and will be sent to a needy mother.

Plans were made to make a quilt which will later be raffled. Mrs. Rideout was appointed delegate to the W. I. conference to be held in Edmonton in May.

The program consisted of a very interesting paper on Canadian Industries by Mrs. Shier and one on Canada's mineral resources by Mrs. Milligan which contained much practical and useful information of interest to Canadians.

At the conclusion of the business part of the meeting lunch was served.

On Wednesday, February 27, the girls of the C. G. I. T. gr up served a bean supper at the Garage. The sum of \$17.00 was realized. Many complimentary remarks were made concerning the delicious meal. The girls wish to thank all those who in any way helped to make the affair a success. Many thanks are due to Messrs. Cooley Bros., for their kindness.

THE CHINOOK  
ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. G. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the post office as second class mail matter.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in the Advance are—display, 40 per inch for first week and 30 per inch for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

All letters addressed to the editor or insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

## Classified Ads.

"You need a "Bull" see H. D. Connor, 27 29 7, Chinook, about a Shorthorn.



Car of Block Wood Just Arrived

M. L. CHAPMAN . . Chinook

## CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

## WHEAT

1 Northern.....\$61 1-2

## OATS

2 C. W.....\$2 1-2

## CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH Service Session Sunday Every Month, Mass at 9 a.m.

## ENORMOUS PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY OF FLOUR MILLS

Evidence given by W. J. Peaker, who has been investigating the Canadian milling and baking industry before the Royal Commission on Mass Buying, sitting at Ottawa until the United States went off gold, showed that milling companies speculated in wheat quite apart from ordinary baking operations. The committee consequently determined to investigate this phase. Mr. Peaker said there could be no doubt but what certain milling companies dipped into the wheat market as far back as 1927 but could not say whether they won or lost money. Some of the companies were short and sometimes had the market holdings running as high as four million bushels.

The enormous potential capacity of the Canadian flour milling industry was illustrated by evidence to the effect that the import requirements of the British Empire could be supplied three times over if every flour mill in Canada worked 24 hours a day. In fact if Canadian mills had to do it they could supply the import our requirements of the world in most years.

The Card Club met Tuesday night at the home of Mrs. Bennett, Honors. Mrs. Massey, Miss K. Cain will be hostess next week.

Obtainable at our Warehouses, Vendor's Stores and your LOCAL HOTEL

## DISTRIBUTORS LIMITED

Agents for the Brewing Industry of Alberta

Nearest Warehouse

PHONE 618 DRUMHELLER

Not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta